SAFETY DATA SHEET
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name             ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)
Product number           2712

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses         Antifreeze liquid.
Uses advised against   No specific uses advised against are identified. Use only for intended applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier                Reagent Chemical Services
                         11b - 13 Aston Fields Road
                         Whitehouse Industrial Estate
                         Runcorn
                         Cheshire WA7 3DL
                         T: 01928 716903 (08.30 - 17.00)
                         F: 01928 716425
                         E: info@reagent.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone     OHES Environmental Ltd 24-7
                         Tel. 0333 333 9939 (24 hour)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)
Physical hazards        Not Classified
Health hazards          Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards   Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram

Signal word            Warning
Hazard statements      H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                       H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Precautionary statements
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains
ETHANEDIOL

Supplementary precautionary statements
P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.
P330 Rinse mouth.

2.3. Other hazards
This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ETHANEDIOL</th>
<th>30-60%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAS number: 107-21-1</td>
<td>EC number: 203-473-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification
Acute Tox. 4 - H302
STOT RE 2 - H373

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate</th>
<th>&lt;1%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAS number: 19766-89-3</td>
<td>EC number: 243-283-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification
Repr. 2 - H361d

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information
Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation
Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin contact
Rinse with water.

Eye contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Protection of first aiders
First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1. General information
See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

4.2.2. Inhalation
May cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

4.2.3. Ingestion
May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause liver and/or renal damage.

4.2.4. Skin contact
May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

4.2.5. Eye contact
May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products
Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting
Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters
Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions
No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up
Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections
For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions
Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions
Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class
Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)
The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
ETHANEDIOL
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 52 mg/m3(Sk)
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 104 mg/m3(Sk)
WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

ETHANEDIOL (CAS: 107-21-1)

DNEL
Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35 mg/m³
Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 106 mg/kg/day
General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 7 mg/m³
General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 53 mg/kg/day

PNEC
- Fresh water; 10 mg/l
- Marine water; 1 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 10 mg/l
- STP; 199.5 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 37 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marine water); 3.7 mg/kg
- Soil; 1.53 mg/kg

Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS: 19766-89-3)

DNEL
Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14 mg/m³
Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2 mg/kg/day
General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.5 mg/m³
General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1 mg/kg/day
General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1 mg/kg/day

PNEC
- Fresh water; 0.36 mg/l
- Marine water; 0.036 mg/l
- STP; 71.7 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.301 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marine water); 0.03 mg/kg
- Soil; 0.058 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment
Appropriate engineering controls
Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection
Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.3 mm. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is ‘CE’-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and range</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation factor</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td>Scientifically unjustified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Vapour density  Not determined.
Relative density Not determined.
Bulk density  Not determined.
Solubility(ies)  Miscible with water.
Partition coefficient Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature Not available.
Viscosity Not determined.
Explosive properties  Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information
Other information None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Reactivity The following materials may react with the product: Oxidising agents. Acids. Alkalis.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions May generate heat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
Toxicological effects LD50 values relate to ethanediol not the mixture.
Acute toxicity - oral
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 7,712.0
Species Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,041.67
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

**Acute toxicity - dermal**
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)
3,500.0

**Species**
Mouse

**Notes (dermal LD₅₀)**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity - inhalation**
Species
Rat

**Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Animal data
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Human skin model test**
No information available.

**Serious eye damage/irritation**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin sensitisation**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Genotoxicity - in vitro
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity**
Carcinogenicity
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity**
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

**Reproductive toxicity**
Reproductive toxicity - fertility
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity - development**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
STOT - single exposure
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**
STOT - repeated exposure
STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Target organs**
Kidneys

**Aspiration hazard**
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**General information**
The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation**
May cause irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

**Ingestion**
May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause liver and/or renal damage.

**Skin contact**
May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

**Eye contact**
May cause temporary eye irritation.

**Route of entry**
Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

---

**ETHANEDIOL**

**Acute toxicity - oral**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Notes (oral LD₅₀)</th>
<th>ATE oral (mg/kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.</td>
<td>500.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Acute toxicity dermal**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Notes (dermal LD₅₀)</th>
<th>ATE dermal (mg/kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</td>
<td>3,500.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Acute toxicity - inhalation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 = 2.5 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat 6 hour duration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Serious eye damage/irritation**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin sensitisation**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo**

Chromosome aberration: Negative.

**Carcinogenicity**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

**Reproductive toxicity**
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Reproductive toxicity - fertility
Three-generation study - NOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Inhalation, Rat F1

Reproductive toxicity - development
Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 1000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT - single exposure
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target organs
Kidneys

Aspiration hazard
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information
The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation
May cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion
May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact
May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact
May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of entry
Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs
No specific target organs known.

Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate

Acute toxicity - oral
Notes (oral LD₅₀)
LD₅₀ 2043 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Read-across data. REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)
LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat Read-across data. REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - inhalation
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)
LC₀ = 0.11 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity
One-generation study - NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1 Read-across data. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity - fertility
Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Read-across data.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity
Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

ETHANEDIOL

Ecotoxicity
Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ETHANEDIOL

Toxicity
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 72860 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
EC₅₀, 48 hours: 13900 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants
EC₅₀, 96 hours: 6500 - 13000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Acute toxicity - microorganisms
EC₅₀, 30 minutes: >1995 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage
NOEC, 7 days: 15380 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
EC₅₀, 21 days: 33911 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate

Acute toxicity - fish
LC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)
Read-across data.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
EC₅₀, 48 hours: 85.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Read-across data.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants
EC₅₀, 72 hours: 49.3 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus
Read-across data.

Acute toxicity - microorganisms
EC₅₀, 17 hours: 112.1 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida
Read-across data.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
EC₅₀, 21 days: 75 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Read-across data.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability
The degradability of the product is not known.

Stability (hydrolysis)
Scientifically unjustified.

ETHANEDIOL

Persistence and degradability
The degradability of the product is not known.

Biodegradation
Water - Degradation 90%: 10 days
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

**Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate**

- **Phototransformation**: Air - $DT_{50}$: 47.1 hours
  Read-across data.
- **Stability (hydrolysis)**: Not relevant.
  REACH dossier information.
- **Biodegradation**: Expected to be readily biodegradable.
  Read-across data.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

- **Bioaccumulative potential**: No data available on bioaccumulation.
- **Partition coefficient**: Not determined.

**ETHANEDIOIL**

- **Bioaccumulative potential**: No data available on bioaccumulation.
- **Partition coefficient**: $\log Kow$: -1.36

12.4. Mobility in soil

- **Mobility**: The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

**ETHANEDIOL**

- **Mobility**: The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

- **Adsorption/desorption coefficient**: Water - $koc = 1\ \text{at } ^\circ\text{C}$

- **Henry's law constant**: 0.133 Pa m$^3$/mol @ 25°C

**Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate**

- **Mobility**: The product is miscible with water and may spread in water systems.
- **Adsorption/desorption coefficient**: Soil - $Koc > -101.23\ \text{at } 16\ \text{hour}\ @\ ^\circ\text{C}$

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**: This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

**ETHANEDIOL**

- **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**: This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects
Other adverse effects None known.

ETHANEDIOL

Other adverse effects None known.

Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information
The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods
Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General
The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number
Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name
Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
Not applicable.

Transport labels
No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group
Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.
14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) [*CDG 2009*].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation


Guidance

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure
**ANTIFREEZE BLUE - READY TO USE (BS6580)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General information</th>
<th>This datasheet is not intended to be a replacement for a full risk assessment, these should always be carried out by competent persons.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 - H302: STOT RE 2 - H373: : Calculation method.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training advice</td>
<td>Only trained personnel should use this material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision comments</td>
<td>Full revision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision date</td>
<td>10/04/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supersedes date</td>
<td>28/03/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS number</td>
<td>11649</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS status</td>
<td>Approved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Hazard statements in full | H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.